



Convolutions on Lie Groups and Lie Algebras and Ribbon 2–Knots, Page 3 – extras and recycling

The Orbit Method. By Fourier analysis, the characters of $(\operatorname{Fun}(\mathfrak{g})^G, \star)$ correspond to coadjoint orbits in \mathfrak{g}^* . By averaging representation matrices and using Schur's lemma to replace intertwiners by scalars, to every irreducible representation of G we can assign a character of $(\operatorname{Fun}(G)^G, \star)$.

Measure theoretic statement. Ignoring all ω 's, there exists a measure preserving and orbit preserving transformation T: $\mathfrak{g}_x \times \mathfrak{g}_y \to \mathfrak{g}_x \times \mathfrak{g}_y$ for which $e^{x+y} \circ T = e^x e^y$.

 Δ acts by double and sum, S by reverse and negate.

