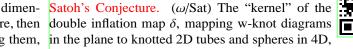
Knots in Four Dimensions and the Simplest Open Problem About Them

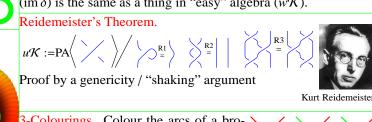
Abstract. I will describe a few 2-dimensional knots in 4 dimensional space in detail, then tell you how to make many more, then tell you that I don't really understand my way of making them, yet I can tell at least some of them apart in a colourful way.



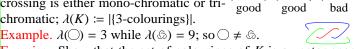


is precisely the moves R2-3, VR1-3, M, CP and OC listed above In other words, two w-knot diagrams represent via δ the same 2D knot in 4D iff they differ by a sequence of the said moves.

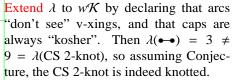
First Isomorphism Thm: $\delta \colon G \to H \implies \operatorname{im} \delta \cong G / \ker(\delta)$ δ is a map from algebra to topology. So a thing in "hard" topology $(\operatorname{im} \delta)$ is the same as a thing in "easy" algebra $(w\mathcal{K})$.

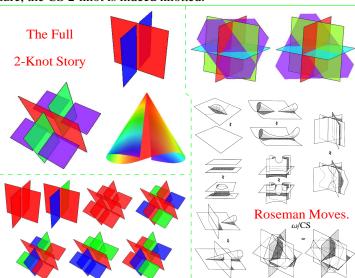


3-Colourings. Colour the arcs of a broken arc diagram in RGB so that every crossing is either mono-chromatic or trichromatic; $\lambda(K) := |\{3\text{-colourings}\}|$.



Exercise. Show that the set of colourings of K is a vector space over \mathbb{F}_3 hence $\lambda(K)$ is always a power of 3.





Expansions. Given a "ring" K and an ideal $I \subset K$, set $A := I^0/I^1 \oplus I^1/I^2 \oplus I^2/I^3 \oplus \cdots$

A homomorphic expansion is a multiplicative $Z: K \to A$ such that if $\gamma \in I^m$, then $Z(\gamma) = (0, 0, ..., 0, \gamma/I^{m+1}, *, *, ...)$.

Example. Let $K = C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ be smooth functions on \mathbb{R}^n , and $I := \{ f \in K : f(0) = 0 \}$. Then $I^m = \{ f : f \text{ vanishes as } |x|^m \}$ and I^m/I^{m+1} is {homogeneous polynomials of degree m} and A is the set of power series. So Z is "a Taylor expansion".

Hence Taylor expansions are vastly general; even knots can be www.katlas.org Teknet Allas Taylor expanded!

u-Knots. "thermographical diagram" in \mathbb{R}^3_{xy} "broken arc diagram" $S^1 \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ 2-Knots. 'broken surface diagram' A 4D knot by Carter and Saito ω/CS Dalvit Satoh The Generators (() "the crossing" "v-xing The Double Inflation Procedure δ . w-Knots. VR3 'Planar Algebra": The objects are "tiles' that can be composed in arbitrary planar ways to make bigger tiles, which can then be composed even further. 'God created the knots, all else in topology is the work of mortals.

Leopold Kronecker (modified)

More at http://www.math.toronto.edu/~drorbn/Talks/HUJI-140101/