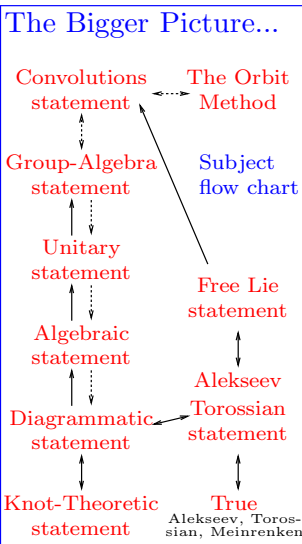




**The Bigger Picture...**

u-knots, v-knots, w-knots, virtual knots, links, crossings, Reidemeister moves, etc.



**What are w-Trivalent Tangles?** (PA := Planar Algebra)

{knots & links} = PA { crossings, R123, crossings } 0 legs

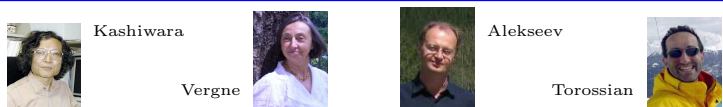
{trivalent tangles} = PA { crossings, R23, R4 }

wTT = {trivalent w-tangles} = PA { w-generators, w-relations, unary w-operations }

**The w-generators.**

Broken surface, 2D Symbol, Dim. reduc., Virtual crossing, Movie

Crossing, Cap, Wen, Vertices, smooth, singular



**A Ribbon 2-Knot** is a surface  $S$  embedded in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  that bounds an immersed handlebody  $B$ , with only "ribbon singularities"; a ribbon singularity is a disk  $D$  of transverse double points, whose preimages in  $B$  are a disk  $D_1$  in the interior of  $B$  and a disk  $D_2$  with  $D_2 \cap \partial B = \partial D_2$ , modulo isotopies of  $S$  alone.

**Homomorphic expansions** for a filtered algebraic structure  $\mathcal{K}$ :

$$\text{ops} \curvearrowright \mathcal{K} = \mathcal{K}_0 \supset \mathcal{K}_1 \supset \mathcal{K}_2 \supset \mathcal{K}_3 \supset \dots$$

$$\text{ops} \curvearrowright \text{gr } \mathcal{K} := \mathcal{K}_0/\mathcal{K}_1 \oplus \mathcal{K}_1/\mathcal{K}_2 \oplus \mathcal{K}_2/\mathcal{K}_3 \oplus \mathcal{K}_3/\mathcal{K}_4 \oplus \dots$$

An **expansion** is a filtration respecting  $Z : \mathcal{K} \rightarrow \text{gr } \mathcal{K}$  that "covers" the identity on  $\text{gr } \mathcal{K}$ . A **homomorphic expansion** is an expansion that respects all relevant "extra" operations.

**The w-relations** include R234, VR1234, M, Overcrossings Commute (OC) but not UC,  $W^2 = 1$ , and **funny interactions** between the wen and the cap and over- and under-crossings:

OC: as yet not UC:

Challenge. Do the Reidemeister!

**"An Algebraic Structure"**

- Has kinds, objects, operations, and maybe constants.
- Perhaps subject to some axioms.
- We always allow formal linear combinations.

**The unary w-operations**

Unzip along an annulus, Unzip along a disk

**Example: Pure Braids.**  $PB_n$  is generated by  $x_{ij}$ , "strand  $i$  goes around strand  $j$  once", modulo "Reidemeister moves".  $A_n := \text{gr } PB_n$  is generated by  $t_{ij} := x_{ij} - 1$ , modulo the 4T relations  $[t_{ij}, t_{ik} + t_{jk}] = 0$  (and some lesser ones too). Much happens in  $A_n$ , including the Drinfel'd theory of associators.

**Just for fun.**

$\mathcal{K} = \left\{ \text{Reidemeister} \right\} = \left( \text{The set of all b/w 2D projections of reality} \right)$

$\mathcal{K}/\mathcal{K}_1 \leftarrow \mathcal{K}/\mathcal{K}_2 \leftarrow \mathcal{K}/\mathcal{K}_3 \leftarrow \mathcal{K}/\mathcal{K}_4 \leftarrow \dots$

Crop Rotate Adjoin

An expansion  $Z$  is a choice of a "progressive scan" algorithm.

$\mathcal{K}/\mathcal{K}_1 \oplus \mathcal{K}_1/\mathcal{K}_2 \oplus \mathcal{K}_2/\mathcal{K}_3 \oplus \mathcal{K}_3/\mathcal{K}_4 \oplus \mathcal{K}_4/\mathcal{K}_5 \oplus \mathcal{K}_5/\mathcal{K}_6 \oplus \dots$

$\mathbb{R} \parallel \ker(\mathcal{K}/\mathcal{K}_4 \rightarrow \mathcal{K}/\mathcal{K}_3)$

**Our case(s).**

$\mathcal{K} \xrightarrow{Z: \text{high algebra}} \mathcal{A} := \text{gr } \mathcal{K} \xrightarrow{\text{given a "Lie" algebra } \mathfrak{g}} \mathcal{U}(\mathfrak{g})$

solving finitely many equations in finitely many unknowns

low algebra: pictures represent formulas

$\mathcal{K}$  is knot theory or topology;  $\text{gr } \mathcal{K}$  is finite combinatorics: bounded-complexity diagrams modulo simple relations.

[1] <http://qlink.queensu.ca/~4lb11/interesting.html> 29/5/10, 8:42am

Also see <http://www.math.toronto.edu/~drorbn/papers/WKO/>