## FLAG VARIETIES ASSIGNMENT 2 DUE FRIDAY NOVEMBER 11

- (1) Let  $\underline{k} = (k_1, \ldots, k_m)$  be natural numbers with  $k_1 + \cdots + k_m = n$ . Recall the partial flag variety  $Fl(\underline{k}, \mathbb{C}^n)$ .
  - (a) Show that

$$T^*Fl(\underline{k},\mathbb{C}^n) = \{(X,V_{\bullet}) : V_{\bullet} \in Fl(\underline{k},V), X \in \mathcal{N}, XV_i \subseteq V_{i-1}\}$$

- (b) Show that  $T^*Fl(\underline{k}, \mathbb{C}^n)$  is the resolution of a nilpotent orbit closure. Which one?
- (c) For any  $X \in \mathcal{N}$ , let  $Fl(\underline{k})^X$  denote the fibre of  $T^*Fl(\underline{k}, \mathbb{C}^n)$  over the point X. Give a bijection between the irreducible components of  $Fl(\underline{k})^X$  and the set of semistandard Young tableaux of shape  $\lambda$  and content  $\underline{k}$ . (Having content  $\underline{k}$  means that the tableau contains  $k_1$  1s,  $k_2$  2s, ...,  $k_m$  ms.)
- (2) Consider the algebra  $R = \mathbb{C}[x_1, \ldots, x_n]/\langle \mathbb{C}[x_1, \ldots, x_n]_+^{S_n} \rangle$ , the quotient of the polynomial ring by the positive degree invariant symmetric polynomials. As discussed in class  $R \cong H^*(Fl_n)$ . Without using this geometric fact, prove that R is isomorphic to the regular representation  $\mathbb{C}[S_n]$  of  $S_n$ . (Hint: one way to do this is to compute the character of both representations.)
- (3) Let  $\lambda$  be a partition of n and let X be the nilpotent Jordan form matrix given by  $\lambda$ . In class, for any row-strict tableau U of shape  $\lambda$ , we define a point  $E^U_{\bullet} \in Fl_n^X$ . Also, for any standard Young tableau U, we defined a subset  $Y_U \subset Fl_n^X$ .
  - (a) For any U, show that there exists a Schubert cell in  $Fl_n$ , such that  $Y_U$  is the intersection of  $Fl_n^X$  with this Schubert cell.
  - (b) Find all pairs U, V (where U is row-strict and V is standard) such that  $E_{\bullet}^U \in \overline{Y_V}$ .
  - (c) For each U standard, find an action of  $\mathbb{C}^{\times}$  on  $Fl_n^X$  such that  $Y_U$  is the attracting set  $E_{\bullet}^U$  for this action.
- (4) For each n, let  $C_n$  denote the set of crossingless matchings of n points on a line. There is a diagrammatic algebra, called the Temperley-Lieb algebra  $TL_n$  which has basis  $C_n^2$  (see for example, the wikipedia page). The algebra  $TL_n$  usually depends on a parameter denoted  $\delta$ . We will be concerned with the case  $\delta = 2$ . (Sometimes it is defined with a parameter  $q; \delta = 2$  corresponds to q = 1.)
  - (a) Show that there is an algebra map  $\mathbb{C}[S_n] \to TL_n$  given by  $s_i \mapsto U_i 1$ .
  - (b) Let  $V_n$  be a vector space with basis  $C_n$ . Show that there is a natural action of  $TL_n$  on  $V_n$ . By (a), this gives us an action of  $S_n$  on  $V_n$ . Show that  $V_n$  is the irreducible representation of  $S_n$  corresponding to the partition (n, n).
  - (c) Let  $F_n = Fl_n^X$  denote the Springer fibre to the (n, n) nilpotent matrix X. Recall that for each  $U \in C_n$ , we have an irreducible component

 $\overline{Y_U} \subset F_n$ , described by

 $\overline{Y_U} = \{V_{\bullet} \in Fl_n^X: X^{-k}V_i = V_j \text{ whenever region } i \text{ and region } j$ 

are connected in U and j = i + 2k }

Thus we get a vector space isomorphism  $H_{top}(F_n) \cong V_n$  taking  $[\overline{Y_U}]$  to U.

Recall the isomorphism  $H(Z) = \mathbb{C}[S_n]$  and the action of H(Z) on  $H_{top}(F_n)$ . Prove by a direct computation that the isomorphism  $H_{top}(F_n) \cong V_n$  is  $S_n$ -equivariant.