

A Small-Print Page on $\rho_d, d > 1$.

Definition. $\langle f(z_i), h(\zeta_i) \rangle_{\{z_i\}} := f(\partial_{\zeta_i})h|_{\zeta_i=0}$, so $\langle p^2 x^2, \mathbb{E}^{g\pi\xi} \rangle = 2g^2$.

Baby Theorem. There exist (non unique) power series $r^\pm(p_1, p_2, x_1, x_2) = \sum_d \epsilon^d r_d^\pm(p_1, p_2, x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{Q}[T^{\pm 1}, p_1, p_2, x_1, x_2][\epsilon]$ with $\deg r_d^\pm \leq 2d + 2$ (“docile”) such that the power series $Z^b = \sum \rho_d^b \epsilon^d :=$

$$\left(\exp \left(\sum_c r^c(p_i, p_j, x_i, x_j) \right), \exp \left(\sum_{\alpha, \beta} g_{\alpha\beta} \pi_\alpha \xi_\beta \right) \right)_{\{p_\alpha, x_\beta\}}$$

is a bnot invariant. Beyond the once-and-for-all computation of $g_{\alpha\beta}$ (a matrix inversion), Z^b is computable in $O(n^d)$ operations in the ring $\mathbb{Q}[T^{\pm 1}]$.

(Bnots are knot diagrams modulo the braid-like Reidemeister moves, but not the cyclic ones).

Theorem. There also exist docile power series $\gamma^\varphi(\bar{p}, \bar{x}) = \sum_d \epsilon^d \gamma_d^\varphi \in \mathbb{Q}[T^{\pm 1}, \bar{p}, \bar{x}][\epsilon]$ such that the power series $Z = \sum \rho_d \epsilon^d :=$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\exp \left(\sum_c r^c(p_i, p_j, x_i, x_j) + \sum_k \gamma^k(\bar{p}_k, \bar{x}_k) \right), \right. \\ & \left. \exp \left(\sum_{\alpha, \beta} g_{\alpha\beta} (\pi_\alpha + \bar{\pi}_\alpha) (\xi_\beta + \bar{\xi}_\beta) + \sum_\alpha \pi_\alpha \bar{\xi}_\alpha \right) \right)_{\{p_\alpha, \bar{p}_\alpha, x_\beta, \bar{x}_\beta\}} \end{aligned}$$

is a knot invariant, as easily computable as Z^b .

Implementation. Data, then program (with output using the Conway variable $z = \sqrt{T} - 1/\sqrt{T}$), and then a demo. See Rho.nb of $\omega\epsilon\beta/\text{ap}$.

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V@Y1,  $\underline{\epsilon}$  [h_] :=  $\varphi (1/2 - \bar{p}_k \bar{x}_k)$ ; V@Y2,  $\underline{\epsilon}$  [h_] :=  $-\varphi^2 \bar{p}_k \bar{x}_k / 2$ ;
V@Y3,  $\underline{\epsilon}$  [h_] :=  $-\varphi^3 \bar{p}_k \bar{x}_k / 6$ 

V@r1,  $\underline{s}$  [ $i_$ ,  $j_$ ] :=
 $s (-1 + 2 p_i x_i - 2 p_j x_i + (-1 + T^s) p_i p_j x_i^2 + (1 - T^s) p_j^2 x_i^2 - 2 p_i p_j x_i x_j + 2 p_j^2 x_i x_j) / 2$ 

V@r2,  $\underline{z}$  [ $i_$ ,  $j_$ ] :=
 $(-6 p_i x_i + 6 p_j x_i - 3 (-1 + 3 T) p_i p_j x_i^2 + 3 (-1 + 3 T) p_j^2 x_i^2 + 4 (-1 + T) p_i^2 p_j x_i^3 - 2 (-1 + T) (5 + T) p_i p_j^2 x_i^3 + 2 (-1 + T) (3 + T) p_j^3 x_i^3 + 18 p_i p_j x_i x_j - 18 p_j^2 x_i x_j - 6 p_i^2 p_j x_i^2 x_j + 6 (2 + T) p_i p_j^2 x_i^2 x_j - 6 (1 + T) p_j^3 x_i^2 x_j - 6 p_i p_j^2 x_i x_j^2 + 6 p_j^3 x_i x_j^2) / 12$ 

V@r2,  $\underline{-1}$  [ $i_$ ,  $j_$ ] :=
 $(-6 T^2 p_i x_i + 6 T^2 p_j x_i + 3 (-3 + T) T p_i p_j x_i^2 - 3 (-3 + T) T p_j^2 x_i^2 - 4 (-1 + T) T p_i^2 p_j x_i^3 + 18 T^2 p_i p_j x_i x_j - 18 T^2 p_j^2 x_i x_j - 6 T^2 p_i^2 p_j x_i^2 x_j + 6 T (1 + 2 T) p_i p_j^2 x_i^2 x_j - 6 T (1 + T) p_j^3 x_i^2 x_j - 6 T^2 p_i p_j^2 x_i x_j^2 + 6 T^2 p_j^3 x_i x_j^2) / (12 T^2)$ 
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Z2 [GST48] (* takes a few minutes *)

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{1 - 4 z^2 - 61 z^4 - 207 z^6 - 296 z^8 - 210 z^10 - 77 z^12 - 14 z^14 - z^16,
1 + (38 z^2 + 255 z^4 + 1696 z^6 + 16 281 z^8 + 86 952 z^10 + 259 994 z^12 + 487 372 z^14 + 615 066 z^16 + 543 148 z^18 + 341 714 z^20 +
153 722 z^22 + 48 983 z^24 + 10 776 z^26 + 1554 z^28 + 132 z^30 + 5 z^32) ∈ +
(-8 - 484 z^2 + 9709 z^4 + 165 952 z^6 + 1 590 491 z^8 + 16 256 508 z^10 + 115 341 797 z^12 + 432 685 748 z^14 + 395 838 354 z^16 - 4 017 557 792 z^18 - 23 300 064 167 z^20 -
70 082 264 972 z^22 - 142 572 271 191 z^24 - 209 475 503 700 z^26 - 221 616 295 209 z^28 - 151 502 648 428 z^30 - 23 700 199 243 z^32 +
99 462 146 328 z^34 + 164 920 463 074 z^36 + 162 550 825 432 z^38 + 119 164 552 296 z^40 + 69 153 062 608 z^42 + 32 547 596 611 z^44 + 12 541 195 448 z^46 +
3 961 384 155 z^48 + 1 021 219 696 z^50 + 212 773 106 z^52 + 35 264 208 z^54 + 4 537 548 z^56 + 436 600 z^58 + 29 536 z^60 + 1252 z^62 + 25 z^64) ∈ ^2}
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TableForm[Table[Join[{K[[1]]K[[2]]}, Z3[K]], {K, AllKnots[{3, 6}]}], TableAlignments → Center] (* takes a few minutes *)

3 ₁	$1 + z^2$	$1 + (2 z^2 + z^4) \in + (2 - 4 z^2 + 3 z^4 + 4 z^6 + z^8) e^2 \in + (-12 + 74 z^2 - 27 z^4 - 28 z^6 + 8 z^8 + 6 z^{10} + z^{12}) e^3$
4 ₁	$1 - z^2$	$1 + (-2 + 2 z^2) e^2$
5 ₁	$1 + 3 z^2 + z^4$	$1 + (10 z^2 + 21 z^4 + 12 z^6 + 2 z^8) \in + (6 - 28 z^2 + 33 z^4 + 364 z^6 - 655 z^8 + 536 z^{10} + 227 z^{12} + 48 z^{14} + 4 z^{16}) e^2 \in + (-60 + 970 z^2 + 645 z^4 - 3380 z^6 - 3280 z^8 + 7470 z^{10} + 19 475 z^{12} + 20 536 z^{14} + 12 564 z^{16} + 4774 z^{18} + 11 09 z^{20} + 144 z^{22} + 8 z^{24}) e^3$
5 ₂	$1 + 2 z^2$	$1 + (6 z^2 + 5 z^4) \in + (-20 z^2 + 43 z^4 + 64 z^6 + 26 z^8) e^2 \in + (-36 - 498 z^2 - 883 z^4 + 100 z^6 + 816 z^8 + 556 z^{10} + 146 z^{12}) e^3$
6 ₁	$1 - 2 z^2$	$1 + (-2 z^2 + z^4) \in + (-4 - 4 z^2 + 25 z^4 - 8 z^6 + 2 z^8) e^2 \in + (12 + 154 z^2 - 223 z^4 - 688 z^6 + 100 z^8 - 52 z^{10} + 10 z^{12}) e^3$
6 ₂	$1 - z^2 - z^4$	$1 + (-2 z^2 - 3 z^4 + 2 z^6 + z^8) \in + (-2 - 4 z^2 + 29 z^4 + 28 z^6 + 42 z^8 - 8 z^{10} - 2 z^{12} + 4 z^{14} + z^{16}) e^2 \in + (12 + 166 z^2 + 155 z^4 - 243 z^6 - 2453 z^8 - 1622 z^{10} - 1967 z^{12} - 258 z^{14} + 49 z^{16} - 30 z^{18} + z^{20} + 6 z^{22} + z^{24}) e^3$
6 ₃	$1 + z^2 + z^4$	$1 + (2 + 8 z^2 - 16 z^6 - 24 z^8 - 16 z^{10} - 2 z^{12}) e^2$

Video: <http://www.math.toronto.edu/~drorbn/Talks/Oaxaca-2210>. Handout: <http://www.math.toronto.edu/~drorbn/Talks/Nara-2308>.

```
V@r3,1 [ $i_$ ,  $j_$ ] :=
(4 p_i x_i - 4 p_j x_i + 2 (5 + 7 T) p_i p_j x_i^2 - 2 (5 + 7 T) p_j^2 x_i^2 - 4 (-5 + 6 T) p_i^2 p_j x_i^3 +
4 (-16 + 17 T + 2 T^2) p_i p_j^2 x_i^3 - 4 (-11 + 11 T + 2 T^2) p_j^3 x_i^3 + 3 (-1 + T) p_i^3 p_j x_i^4 -
3 (-1 + T) (4 + 3 T) p_i^2 p_j^2 x_i^4 + (-1 + T) (13 + 22 T + T^2) p_i p_j^3 x_i^4 -
(-1 + T) (4 + 13 T + T^2) p_j^4 x_i^4 - 28 p_i p_j x_i x_j + 28 p_j^2 x_i x_j + 36 p_i^2 p_j x_i^2 x_j -
12 (9 + 2 T) p_i p_j^2 x_i^2 x_j + 24 (3 + T) p_j^3 x_i^2 x_j - 4 p_i^3 p_j x_i^3 x_j + 28 T p_i^2 p_j^2 x_i^3 x_j -
4 (-6 + 17 T + T^2) p_i p_j^3 x_i^3 x_j + 4 (-5 + 10 T + T^2) p_j^4 x_i^3 x_j + 24 p_i^2 p_j^2 x_i^2 x_j^2 -
24 p_j^3 x_i x_j^2 - 24 p_i^2 p_j^2 x_i^2 x_j^2 + 6 (10 + T) p_i p_j^3 x_i^2 x_j^2 - 6 (6 + T) p_j^4 x_i^2 x_j^2 -
4 p_i p_j^3 x_i x_j^3 + 4 p_j^4 x_i x_j^3) / 24
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```
V@r3,-1 [ $i_$ ,  $j_$ ] :=
(-4 T^3 p_i x_i + 4 T^3 p_j x_i - 2 T^2 (7 + 5 T) p_i p_j x_i^2 + 2 T^2 (7 + 5 T) p_j^2 x_i^2 -
4 T^2 (-6 + 5 T) p_i^2 p_j x_i^3 + 4 T (-2 - 17 T + 16 T^2) p_i p_j^2 x_i^3 -
4 T (-2 - 11 T + 11 T^2) p_j^3 x_i^3 + 3 (-1 + T) T^2 p_i^3 p_j x_i^4 - 3 (-1 + T) T (3 + 4 T) p_i^2 p_j^2 x_i^4 +
(-1 + T) (1 + 22 T + 13 T^2) p_i p_j^3 x_i^4 - (-1 + T) (1 + 13 T + 4 T^2) p_j^4 x_i^4 +
28 T^3 p_i p_j x_i x_j - 28 T^3 p_j^2 x_i x_j - 36 T^3 p_i^2 p_j x_i^2 x_j + 12 T^2 (2 + 9 T) p_i p_j^2 x_i^2 x_j -
24 T^2 (1 + 3 T) p_i^3 x_i^2 x_j + 4 T^3 p_i^2 p_j x_i^3 x_j - 28 T^2 p_i^2 p_j^2 x_i^3 x_j -
4 T (-1 - 17 T + 6 T^2) p_i p_j^3 x_i^3 x_j + 4 T (-1 - 10 T + 5 T^2) p_j^4 x_i^3 x_j -
24 T^3 p_i p_j^2 x_i x_j - 24 T^3 p_j^2 x_i x_j + 24 T^3 p_i^2 p_j x_i^2 x_j - 6 T^2 (1 + 10 T) p_i p_j^3 x_i^2 x_j^2 +
6 T^2 (1 + 6 T) p_j^4 x_i^2 x_j^2 + 4 T^3 p_i p_j^3 x_i x_j^3 - 4 T^3 p_j^4 x_i x_j^3) / (24 T^3)
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```
{p*, x*,  $\bar{p}$ ,  $\bar{x}$ } = { $\pi$ ,  $\xi$ ,  $\bar{\pi}$ ,  $\bar{\xi}$ }; ( $z_{-i}$ )* := ( $z^*$ ) $_i$ ;
Zip[] [ $\mathcal{S}$ ] :=  $\mathcal{S}$ ;
Zip[ $z_{-i}, z_{-j}$ ] [ $\mathcal{S}$ ] := ( $\text{Collect}[\mathcal{S} // \text{Zip}[z_{-i}], z] /. f_{-i} z^{d_{-i}} \mapsto (\text{D}[f, \{z^*\}, d])$ ) /.  $z^* \rightarrow 0$ 
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```
gPair[fs_, w_] :=
gPair[fs, w] =
Collect[Zip[Join@Table[{p $_{\alpha}$ , p $_{\bar{\alpha}}$ , x $_{\alpha}$ , x $_{\bar{\alpha}}$ }, { $\alpha$ , w}][
(Times @@ (V // @fs)) -
Exp[Sum[g $_{\alpha, \beta}$  ( $\pi_{\alpha} + \bar{\pi}_{\alpha}$ ) ( $\xi_{\beta} + \bar{\xi}_{\beta}$ ), { $\alpha$ , w}], { $\beta$ , w}] - Sum[ $\bar{\xi}_{\alpha} \pi_{\alpha}$ , { $\alpha$ , w}]]], g_, Factor]
```

```
T2z[p_] := Module[{q = Expand[p], n, c},
If[q === 0, 0, c = Coefficient[q, T, n = Exponent[q, T]];
c z^n + T2z[q - c (T1/2 - T-1/2)2 n]]];
Z_d[K_] := Module[{Cs,  $\varphi$ , n, A, s, i, j, k,  $\Delta$ , G, d1, Z1, Z2, Z3},
{Cs,  $\varphi$ } = Rot[K]; n = Length[Cs]; A = IdentityMatrix[2 n + 1];
Cases[Cs, {s, i, j}]  $\mapsto (A[[i, j], {i + 1, j + 1}] \in + \begin{pmatrix} -T^s & T^{s-1} \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix})$ ;
{ $\Delta$ , G} = Factor@T[-Total[ $\varphi$ [[All, 1]]]/2 Det@A, Inverse@A];
Z1 =
Exp[Total[Cases[Cs, {s, i, j}]  $\mapsto \text{Sum}[e^{d1} r_{d1, s}[i, j], {d1, d}]]] +
Sum[ed1  $\varphi$ [[k], {k, 2 n}, {d1, d}] /.  $\varphi$ [_, _]  $\rightarrow 0$ ];
Z2 = Expand[F[], {}]  $\times$  Normal@Series[Z1, { $\epsilon$ , 0, d}] // .
F[fs_, {es___}]  $\times$  (f : (r |  $\varphi$ )ps_[is___])2  $\rightarrow$ 
F[Join[fs, Table[p, {F[fs], es}]]  $\rightarrow$  DeleteDuplicates@{es, is}];
Z3 = Expand[Z2 // F[fs, es]  $\rightarrow$  Expand[gPair[
Replace[fs, Thread[es  $\rightarrow$  Range@Length@es], {2}], Length@es
1 /. g $_{\alpha, \beta}$   $\rightarrow G[\pi_{\alpha}, \pi_{\beta}]$ ]];
Collect[{ $\Delta$ , Z3 /. e $^{p_{-i}} \rightarrow p! \Delta^{2 p} e^p$ }, e, T2z]];$ 
```