## Algebra Qualifying Exam May 6, 2005

3 hours

No aids allowed

Answer as many as you can. All questions are of equal value.

- 1. How many Sylow subgroups of each possible order are there in the symmetric group  $S_4$ ? Are any of them normal?
- **2.** (i) Write  $(\mathbb{Z}/12\mathbb{Z}) \times (\mathbb{Z}/30\mathbb{Z})$  as a product of cyclic groups, with the order of each factor a multiple of the order of the next, in the usual way.
- (ii) Let  $M = \text{Hom}(\mathbb{Z}/12\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}/30\mathbb{Z})$ , the set of homomorphisms  $\phi : \mathbb{Z}/12\mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}/30\mathbb{Z}$ . The set M is an abelian group under the addition

$$(\phi + \psi)(x) = \phi(x) + \psi(x),$$

for  $\phi, \psi \in M$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{Z}/12\mathbb{Z}$ , and where the plus sign on the right side refers to addition in  $\mathbb{Z}/30\mathbb{Z}$ . Write M as a product of cyclic groups, with the order of each factor a multiple of the order of the next, in the usual way.

- 3. For each of the following, either prove it is true or give a counterexample.
- (i) If A and B are real  $4 \times 4$  matrices with the same characteristic polynomial and the same minimal polynomial, then they have the same Rational Canonical Form.
- (ii) If A and B are real  $5 \times 5$  matrices and, in both cases, the minimal polynomial is  $p(t) = t(t-4)^3$ , then A and B are similar.
- **4.** (i) Suppose R is a ring with unit. Prove that any quotient of a cyclic (left) R-module is cyclic. (Recall: a module is "cyclic" if it is generated by a single element.)
- (ii) How many simple modules (up to isomorphism) are there for the group ring  $\mathbb{C}[S_4]$ , and what are their dimensions?
- ${f 5.}$  Find the invariant factors and elementary divisors of the transformation T whose matrix

relative to some basis is  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}.$ 

- **6.** (i) Show that  $f(x) = x^3 5$  is irreducible as an element of  $\mathbb{Q}[x]$ .
- (ii) Show that the Galois group of the splitting field E of  $f(x) = x^3 5$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$  is  $S_3$ .
- (iii) What is the fixed field in E of the subgroup  $A_3 \subset S_3 = \operatorname{Gal}(E/\mathbb{Q})$ ?