## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS University of Toronto

## Practice exam in Analysis (3 hours)

- 1. How many roots does the equation  $z^8 2z^5 + 6z^3 z + 1 = 0$  have in the region |z| < 1?
- 2. (i) Find one 1-1 onto conformal map f that sends the open quadrant  $\{(x,y): x>0 \text{ and } y>0\}$  onto the open lower half disc  $\{(x,y): x^2+y^2<1 \text{ and } y<0\}$ .
  - (ii) Find **all** such f.
- 3. (i) Define almost everywhere convergence and convergence in  $L_1$ -norm.
  - (ii) Show by example that neither form of convergence implies the other.
  - (iii) Prove that any sequence which is Cauchy in  $L_1$ -norm has a subsequence which converges a.e.
- **4.** (i) Define the space  $\mathcal S$  of Schwartz functions on  $\mathbb R$ .
  - (ii) State the Fourier inversion theorem.
  - (iii) Prove that the Fourier transform  $f\mapsto \hat{f}$  maps  ${\mathcal S}$  onto  ${\mathcal S}$  .
- 5. (i) Define the spectrum of a bounded linear operator  $\,T\,$  on a Hilbert space  $\,\mathcal{H}\,$ .
  - (ii) What is meant by compactness of such a T?
  - (iii) If  $\mathcal{H}$  has an orthonormal basis  $\{e_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  and  $\{a_n\}$  is a sequence of complex numbers converging to 0 define T by  $Te_n=a_ne_n$ . Prove directly that T is compact. What is the spectrum of T?
- **6.** (i) What is a tempered distribution on  $\mathbb{R}$ ?
  - (ii) Define the derivative of a tempered distribution.
  - (iii) Show that

$$\langle F, f \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \log|x| f(x) dx$$

defines a tempered distribution F and that

$$\langle F', f \rangle = PV \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x} f(x) dx \equiv \lim_{\epsilon \to 0^+} \int_{\{|x| > \epsilon\}} \frac{1}{x} f(x) dx$$
.