Problem 1

Solve the Heat equation $u_t = k u_{xx}$ for $0 < x < \pi$, t > 0 with the initial condition

$$u(x,0) = 1 + 2\sin x$$

and the boundary conditions $u(0,t) = u(\pi,t) = 1$. **Hint:** Notice that the boundary condition is not homogeneous.

Problem 2

Find all the separated solutions of the equation $tu_t - ku_{xx} + u = 0$ subject to the boundary conditions $u(0,t) = u_x(\pi,t) = 0$. Use them to find all the solutions of the initial value problem u(x,0) = 0.

Problem 3

Find the solution of the Wave equation $u_{tt} = 4u_{xx}$ with

$$u(0,t) = u(\pi/2,t) = 0, \ t > 0,$$
$$u(x,0) = \sin(2x) - 2\sin(6x), \ u_t(x,0) = -3\sin 4x \ 0 \le x \le \pi/2.$$

Problem 4

Find the solution of the Heat equation $u_t = 4u_{xx}$ with

$$u_x(0,t) = u_x(\pi/2,t) = 0, \ t > 0, \ u(x,0) = 3\sin^2 x, \ 0 \le x \le \pi/2.$$

Hint: Use Trigonometric identities.

Problem 5

Find a polynomial p(x) which together with 1 and x form an orthogonal basis of the space of all polynomials of degree at most 2 on the interval [-1, 1] with the usual scalar product

$$< f,g > = \int_{-1}^{1} f(x)g(x) \, dx.$$

Is the basis orthonormal?

Due date: November 1, 2012