Problem 1

Prove *Greens first identity*: For every pair of functions $X_1(x), X_2(x)$ on (a, b),

$$\int_{a}^{b} f''(x) g(x) dx = f'(x) g(x) \Big|_{a}^{b} - \int_{a}^{b} f'(x) g'(x) dx.$$

Problem 2

Use the previous problem to show that the following eigenvalue problem has no negative eigenvalues

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} X^{\prime\prime}\left(x\right)+\lambda X\left(x\right)=0\\ X\left(x\right)X^{\prime}\left(x\right)|_{a}^{b}\leq0. \end{array} \right.$$

Problem 3

Show that the eigenvalue problem

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} X^{\prime\prime}\left(x\right)+\lambda X\left(x\right)=0\\ X\left(a\right)=2X(b),\ X^{\prime}\left(b\right)=2X^{\prime}(a). \end{array} \right.$$

has no negative eigenvalues.

Problem 4

Find all harmonic functions in the annulus $\{(x, y): 1 < (x-1)^2 + (y+1)^2 < 2\}$ which depend only on $(x-1)^2 + (y+1)^2$.

Problem 5

Let $f = (u, v) : D_1 \subset \mathbb{R}^2 \to D_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ be a mapping such that in D_1 it satisfies $u_x = v_y$ and $u_y = -v_x$. Show that if ϕ is a harmonic function in D_2 then $\phi \circ f$ is a harmonic function in D_1 .

Due date: November 22, 2012