- Reminder: Problem set 6 is due on Monday, 20 January.
- Today's lecture will assume you have watched up to and including video 7.9.

For next Tuesday, watch videos 7.5 through 7.9 again!

This content might be a bit tricky so the earlier (and the more times) you watch it, the better.

Infima and suprema exercise

Recall again that M is the supremum of a set A if...

- **1** ... M is an upper bound of A;
- 2 ... and there are no smaller upper bounds of A.

With this in mind, assume M is an upper bound for a set A. Which of the following is equivalent to "M is the supremum of A"?

- **1** If *L* is an upper bound of *A*, then $L \ge M$.
- **2** $\forall L \ge M$, *L* is an upper bound of *A*.
- **3** $\forall L \leq M, \exists x \in A \text{ such that } L < x.$
- $\forall L < M, \exists x \in A \text{ such that } L < x.$
- **5** $\forall L < M, \exists x \in A \text{ such that } L < x \leq M.$

6 $\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists x \in A \text{ such that } M - \varepsilon < x \leq M.$

Infima and suprema of functions exercise

Consider the following function f.



On each of the given domains, determine whether f is bounded, its infimum and supremum (if they exist), and its maximum and minimum (if they exist).

Which of the following are partitions of [0, 2]?

- **1** [0, 2]
- **2** (0, 2)
- **3** {0, 2}
- **4** {1,2}
- **5** $\{0, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9, 2\}$

Let
$$f(x) = \cos x$$
.

Consider the partition $P = \{0, 1, 2, 4\}$ of the interval [0, 4].

Problem. Compute $L_P(f)$ and $U_P(f)$.

Let f be a bounded function defined on some interval [a, b]. Let P and Q be partitions of [a, b].

Assume

$$L_P(f) = 2, \quad U_P(f) = 6,$$

 $L_Q(f) = 3, \quad U_Q(f) = 8.$

Problem.

• Is $P \subseteq Q$?

2 Is $Q \subseteq P$?

3 What can you say about $L_{P\cup Q}(f)$ and $U_{P\cup Q}(f)$?