

MA157 – ANALYSIS 1, 2020–2021. ASSIGNMENT 13

- (1) (a) Consider the function $F(x) := \int_3^{e^x} \sqrt{t} dt$. Without making any computations or using any theorems, do you think that F is increasing or decreasing?
- (b) Now, prove your guess. (Hint: the handout “Applications of derivatives” might be a useful refresher.)
- (c) Define $G(x) := \int_1^{e^x} \sqrt{t} dt$. What are the domains of F and G ? Does $F = G$? Does $F' = G'$?
- (2) Let $f: [0, 5] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function.
- (a) Write a statement that means “ f is not Riemann integrable” without using the words “no” or “not”.
- (b) Suppose that, for every $\delta > 0$ and every $c \in \mathbb{R}$, there exists a tagged partition $(P, \{x_j\})$ with mesh $< \delta$ such that the corresponding Riemann sum satisfies $S(f, P, \{x_j\}) > c$. Prove that f is not Riemann integrable.
- (3) For each of the following functions F , find an expression for the derivative $F'(x)$, without evaluating the integral.
- (a) $F(x) = \int_5^{x^3} \frac{1}{1+t^4} dt$.
- (b) $F(x) = \int_{-1}^x \left(\int_{-1}^y \frac{1}{2+\cos^5 t} dt \right) dy$.
- (4) Let $f(x) := \int_{\pi/2}^x (2 + \cos(t \sin t)) dt$.
- (a) Why is f invertible? Why is the inverse function f^{-1} differentiable?
- (b) Find $(f^{-1})'(0)$, without evaluating the integral.