## Extra Questions for Chapter 2 Material

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- 1. How many  $1 \times 1$  elementary matrices are there?
- 2. How many nonzero entries can an  $n \times n$  elementary matrix have?
- 3. Is the *n* × *n* zero matrix elementary in each *n*? If not, is there *any n* for which it is elementary?
- 4. Is the product of two elementary matrices always elementary? If not, is it *ever* elementary?
- 5. Suppose that *AB* is invertible. Is *A*? If so prove it. If not, give a counterexample.
- 6. Define  $S : \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$  via  $S(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \mathbf{x}^T A \mathbf{y}$  where *A* is an  $n \times n$  symmetric matrix.
  - (a) Find a choice of *A* such that  $\mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{y} = S(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y})$ .
  - (b) Show that, for each *fixed*  $\mathbf{x}$ , the map  $\mathbf{y} \mapsto S(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y})$  is linear.
  - (c) Show that  $S(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = S(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x})$  (this is not as easy as you might think, be careful)
  - (d) Show that  $S(c\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = S(\mathbf{x}, c\mathbf{y}) = cS(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y})$ .
- 7. Define  $T : \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$  via  $T(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}^T A \mathbf{x}$  where *A* is an  $n \times n$  symmetric matrix. Notice,  $T(\mathbf{x}) = S(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x})$  for the *S* defined above. Is *T* linear?
- 8. Describe the possible row-echelon forms for the associated matrix for *T* where  $T : \mathbb{R}^m \to \mathbb{R}^n$  is linear and onto.
- 9. Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find a basis for ker(A) and a basis for ker( $A^T$ ).
- 10. Suppose that *A*, *B* are square matrices of the same size and that  $col(B) \subseteq ker A$ . What can I say about *AB*?
- 11. Let  $A = [a_{ij}]$  where  $a_{ij} = i + j$  for  $1 \le i, j \le n$ . Determine rank(A).
- 12. Suppose that *A* is  $m \times n$ . Show that ker A = ker(UA) for all invertible  $m \times m$  matrices *U*. Then also show that dim(ker(*A*)) = dim(ker(*AB*)) for all invertible  $n \times n$  matrices *B*.