

MAT137

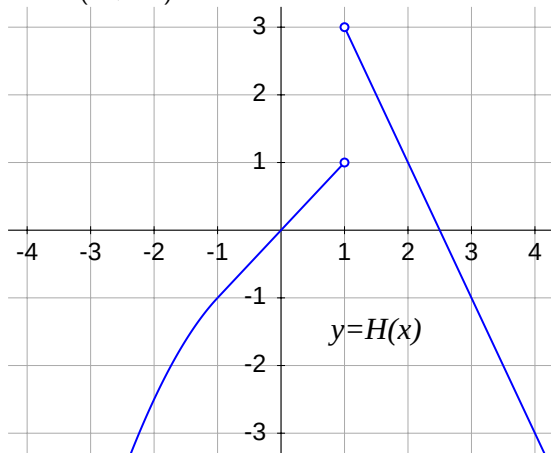
(Section L0501, November 27, 2019)

- **For next day's lecture, watch videos 6.11, 6.12.**
- Today's lecture will **assume** you have watched videos 6.3-6.10.
- Contents: Indeterminate forms and L'Hôpital's Rule.

Warm up: Limits from graphs

Compute

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{H(x)}{H(2+3x) - 1}$$



Proving something is an indeterminate form

- ① Prove that $\forall c \in \mathbb{R}, \exists a \in \mathbb{R}$ and functions f and g s.t.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = 0, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = 0, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = c$$

This shows that $\frac{0}{0}$ is an indeterminate form.

- ② Prove the same way that $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, $0 \cdot \infty$, and $\infty - \infty$ are also indeterminate forms.

Computations

Calculate:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 6}{x^2 + 3x - 10}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x^2} - \cos x}{x \sin x}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2}{e^x}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sin x) (e^{1/x} - 1)$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \sin \frac{2}{x}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \cos \frac{2}{x}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[(\ln x) \tan \frac{\pi x}{2} \right]$$

Careful with L'Hopital's rule

Compute

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x}.$$

What's wrong with this argument?

INCORRECT Proof:

This is indeterminate of type $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ so, by L'Hopital's Rule,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + \cos x}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \cos x).$$

The last limit doesn't exist so $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x}$ doesn't exist. □

Indeterminate?

Which of the following are indeterminate forms for limits?
If any of them isn't, then what is the value of such limit?

1 $\frac{0}{0}$

5 $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$

10 $\infty - \infty$

15 $0^{-\infty}$

2 $\frac{0}{\infty}$

6 $\frac{1}{\infty}$

11 1^{∞}

16 ∞^0

3 $\frac{0}{1}$

7 $0 \cdot \infty$

12 $1^{-\infty}$

17 ∞^{∞}

4 $\frac{\infty}{0}$

8 $\infty \cdot \infty$

13 0^0

18 $\infty^{-\infty}$

9 $\sqrt{\infty}$

14 0^{∞}

Harder computations

Compute:

$$① \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{x+2}{x-2} \right)^{3x}$$

$$② \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^x$$

$$③ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{\csc x}{x} - \frac{\cot x}{x} \right]$$